### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD COLLEGE and MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY,

Plaintiff,

v.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY; UNITED STATES IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT; CHAD F. WOLF, in his official capacity as Acting Secretary of the United States Department of Homeland Security; and MATTHEW ALBENCE, in his official capacity as Acting Director United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 20-cv-11283

## **DECLARATION OF MARK C. ELLIOTT**

I, Mark C. Elliott, hereby state under the penalty of perjury that the following statements are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, and that I could testify to these matters if called to do so:

1. I am Vice Provost for International Affairs of Harvard University ("Harvard" or the "University"), and am also the Mark Schwartz Professor of Chinese and Inner Asian History. As Vice Provost, I have responsibility for supporting Harvard's community of international students, scholars, and faculty at Harvard, as well as advancing Harvard's international academic initiatives and Harvard's global strategy.

2. I have been deeply involved in the University's response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Beginning in February 2020, members of Harvard's administration began developing policies and

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guidance in response to the pandemic. Since that time, I have worked with fellow administrators, as well as experts across the University and throughout the world, to make thoughtful and reasoned decisions for our operations that prioritize the safety of Harvard's students, faculty, and staff. As the Vice Provost of International Affairs, I have been especially focused on providing guidance to international students, and have collaborated extensively with fellow University administrators and the Harvard International Office ("HIO").

3. I have carefully reviewed the COVID-19 Guidance for the Student and Exchange Visitor Program ("SEVP") issued by United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE") in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. On March 13, 2020, ICE issued COVID-19 Guidance for Student and Exchange Visitor Program Stakeholders ("March 13 Guidance"). Pursuant to the March 13 Guidance, students in the United States holding F-1 or M-1 visas are allowed to "count online classes towards a full course of study" in the event their school temporarily stops in-person classes, regardless of whether the visa holders remain in the United States or departed the United States. Prior to the March 13 Guidance, international students were permitted to take only one online class per semester. The March 13 Guidance stated that it would remain "in effect for the duration of the emergency."

4. On March 10, 2020, Harvard President Lawrence Bacow announced that the University would transition to virtual instruction for the remainder of the Spring 2020 semester, and asked that students not return to campus after the upcoming spring break. The HIO provided additional guidance to Harvard's international students to assist them with the transition to remote learning.

5. Over the course of many weeks after the initial decision to transition to remote learning in March 2020, and in reliance on the March 13 Guidance and its representation that it would remain "in effect for the duration of the emergency," Harvard made preparations for the Fall

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2020 semester. In light of the public health risks presented by the COVID-19 pandemic, the majority of Harvard's 12 degree-granting schools will operate in a full remote learning environment for at least the Fall 2020 semester.

6. On June 4, 2020, HIO provided by email information regarding remote learning to international students enrolled at several of Harvard's schools for the Fall 2020 semester. An example of one such email, which was sent to incoming students at the Harvard Kennedy School ("HKS"), is attached as Exhibit 1. An email to returning students enrolled at the Graduate School of Design, the Graduate School of Education, the T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Harvard Law School, the Harvard Divinity School, and HKS is attached as Exhibit 2. The emails to new incoming students advised that students should plan to begin their studies remotely. With respect to returning students, Harvard advised that "[c]urrent federal government guidance allows continuing international students and students in F-1 or J-1 status transferring from another U.S. institution to continue their studies remotely and remain in valid visa status." Ex. 2. In reliance on the March 13 Guidance, Harvard explained that the exception provided in the March 13 Guidance "will still apply to continuing students in summer and fall 2020." Ex. 2.

7. On July 6, 2020, ICE issued a "Broadcast Message: COVID-19 and Fall 2020" ("July 6 Directive"). The July 6 Directive largely withdraws the exception that ICE announced in March. The July 6 Directive states that if a school determines that it will provide only online course instruction in the fall, students holding F-1 visas may not remain in the country to receive instruction. It provides that students holding F-1 visas "must depart the country or take other measures, such as transferring to a school with in-person instruction to remain in lawful status[,] or potentially face immigration consequences including, but not limited to, the initiation of removal proceedings." It is our current understanding that if the July 6 Directive takes effect, Harvard

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students with F-1 visas who are enrolled in remote programs will face immigration consequences if they do not leave the country within 15 days of the start of the Fall 2020 term.

8. The July 6 Directive, if it takes effect, will have significant negative impacts on Harvard as an institution and on Harvard's students.

9. With respect to Harvard as an institution, Harvard has expended tremendous resources on developing protocols for its operations to protect the safety of its students, faculty, staff, and the surrounding community. Because of the timing of the July 6 Directive, and the significant time and coordination required to implement public safety measures, Harvard will struggle to develop an entirely new set of guidance and potentially alter the structure of its remote learning programs at this stage, particularly if it seeks to prioritize the health and safety of its students, faculty, and staff.

10. As described in more detail below, the July 6 Directive will make it impracticable for certain of Harvard's international students to continue to study at Harvard and make progress toward their degrees, while imposing academic and living conditions for others that will prompt them to take leaves from their programs—or drop out altogether.

11. By virtue of the fact that the July 6 Directive is likely to result in far fewer international students enrolled at Harvard during the coming academic year, the July 6 Directive will affect Harvard in at least the following additional ways:

a. Harvard and its students benefit enormously from the participation of international students. Indeed, many of Harvard's curricular programs depend critically on the presence and diversity of international students. Harvard places great emphasis on a diverse student body, and international students offer perspectives that other students otherwise may never experience. The curriculum at HKS, for example—where approximately 47% of students are international students—depends on the perspectives of international

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students, including mid-career public officials from around the world who bring unique viewpoints about different approaches to governance and policy. And even if students do not meet in classrooms, they can still—from appropriate distances or online—share valuable elements of on-campus life, such as participation in extracurricular activities. The loss of international students from Harvard would deprive Harvard's students of one of the great benefits of their experience here.

b. Several of Harvard's schools will also be harmed financially if a substantial number of international students do not enroll in the fall. As one example, nearly 50% of GSD's student body is international; losing the tuition of even a portion of those students would be significant to GSD.

c. Harvard relies on the contributions of its international graduate students as Teaching Fellows in its undergraduate courses. Requiring these Teaching Fellows to provide instruction from remote locations in their home countries, potentially with considerable timezone disparities and variable Internet connectivity, will make it harder for faculty to coordinate with their Teaching Fellows and obtain the full benefit of their pedagogy.

12. Harvard's international students, many of whom remain in the United States based on the March 13 Guidance, will also face significant harm if the July 6 Directive takes effect. The University has heard from students from all parts of the world who will face challenges by remaining in or being forced to return to their home countries, including:

a. The possibility of being drafted into their home country's armed forces;

b. Threats and abuse based on their sexual orientation;

c. Lack of adequate mental health treatment from qualified professionals;

d. Excessive costs, including exorbitant airline tickets that were a minimum of \$4,000, or forfeiting a lease at the student's own expense;

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e. Inadequate and unreliable Internet access or government-imposed Internet shutdowns and restrictions on access to online resources;

f. Time-zone differences that will force students to participate in or teach classes throughout the night.

13. Even if Harvard were to implement in-person or hybrid (i.e., partial in-person, partial virtual) instruction, such that students on F-1 visas could remain in the United States, significant burdens would remain for international students. Many of Harvard's international students are first-year students or students who have returned to their home countries. These students would be unable to get to campus because of the State Department's suspension of consular processing of visa applications, which affects their ability to obtain initial visas if they are new students, or obtain new visa stamps to support their reentry if their current stamps have expired. Other students face travel restrictions that prevent them from leaving their home countries or entering the United States (or both). Moreover, students participating in hybrid programs from outside the United States—either because they choose to remain abroad or because they are unable to return to the United States—either would relinquish their F-1 status and therefore lose their ability to access critical benefits of the F-1 visa program, such as Curricular Practical Training employment and Optional Practical Training employment at the end of the academic year. This would further harm Harvard as an institution and the students who lose these opportunities.

14. Although a hybrid program might allow domestic students to select only online courses if they have health conditions that place them at a greater risk (or simply want to avoid the greater risk of infection that in-person instruction imposes), under the July 6 Directive, F-1 students are denied this agency. The July 6 Directive not only precludes F-1 students from an all-online course schedule, it mandates that F-1 students "tak[e] the minimum number of online classes

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required to make normal progress in their degree program." Accordingly, vulnerable or concerned F-1 students would be forced to participate in in-person learning, despite the risks.

15. By threatening to force many F-1 visa holders to withdraw from Harvard, the July 6 Directive puts Harvard to an impossible choice: lose numerous students who bring immense benefits to the school or take steps to retain those students that contradict Harvard's judgment about how best to protect the health of the University's students, faculty, and staff.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on July 8, 2020

/s/ Mark C. Elliott Mark C. Elliott Case 1:20-cv-11283 Document 8-1 Filed 07/08/20 Page 1 of 6

# **EXHIBIT 1**

From: Harvard International Office <<u>internationaloffice@harvard.edu</u>>
Sent: Wednesday, June 3, 2020 4:01 PM
To: Rossi, Kathryn F <<u>kathryn\_rossi@harvard.edu</u>>
Subject: Information for HKS International Students Regarding Remote Learning

View this email in your browser



# PLEASE DO NOT RESPOND TO THIS AUTOMATED EMAIL.

Dear Students,

Congratulations on your admission to the Harvard Kennedy School (HKS) and welcome to the Harvard community. We know this is a difficult and confusing time and we at the Harvard International Office (HIO) assume you will have many questions regarding HKS's decision to offer online teaching for the fall semester of the 2020-2021 academic year. There are some key points we would like to make about the impact of this decision on international students, specifically those who will be **starting** their programs at Harvard this fall.

1. While current federal government guidance allows continuing international students and students in F-1 or J-1 status transferring from another U.S. institution to continue their studies remotely and remain in valid visa status, the current guidance does not apply to NEW students coming from overseas.

Prior to this emergency situation, international students were only permitted to take one on-line class per semester. It was a huge exception for the government to allow international students to study fully remotely either from within the U.S. or from outside the U.S. and still maintain their visa status during the spring semester 2020. This current exception will still apply to continuing students in summer and fall 2020; however, it does not apply to new students starting new programs. While we expect additional government guidance in the coming months, at this time we must assume that incoming international students will not be afforded the same flexibility in online learning

as continuing students.

2. It is therefore our recommendation that international students starting new programs, who are not transfers from other academic programs in the U.S., should not plan to come to the U.S. this fall, even if they are successful in getting a visa appointment and receive a visa, but should instead plan to begin their studies remotely outside the U.S.

3. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, U.S. embassies and consulates around the world remain closed to all but emergency services, and the suspension of processing routine visas, including F-1 and J-1 student visas, remains in effect

It is our understanding that this suspension is likely to last into the summer (and perhaps beyond), and that the vast majority of newly admitted international students will experience considerable difficulty and delay in scheduling visa interviews. In addition, there remains in place a complex set of travel restrictions and bans in the U.S. and around the world, and airlines are offering far fewer flights than normal.

You may have already received your Form I-20/DS-2019 and initiated your visa application with the U.S. embassy/consulate. You may have even scheduled an appointment. To our knowledge no incoming Harvard student has actually received a visa so far. If you have, please share that <u>information with us</u>. We will be amending the start dates of these forms to the appropriate date in January and you will receive either an electronic copy or a physical copy. This amended document will not require an additional SEVIS fee if you have already paid it. If you have not received your Form I-20/DS-2019, you will be receiving the original document with the appropriate dates. It will be possible for you to enter the U.S. as early as 30 days prior to this date to get yourself settled before starting classes in January of 2021.

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4. It is important that you understand that you should not plan to come to the U.S. this fall to begin your studies since your program at HKS will be done remotely. While you may study full-time from outside the U.S., as a new student you will violate the terms of your student visa status if you enter the U.S. to study remotely this fall.

If you are accepted to a one-year program:

- Your program is a one-year program, and you will only be able to attend in-person classes for one semester. If you choose the F-1 student visa, you will not be eligible to apply for optional practical training (OPT) following your program as that benefit only applies to those who accrue nine months of student visa status in the U.S. If the guidance on this issue changes, we will let you know as soon as possible.
- You may want to consider a J-1 student visa if you have significant funding from a source other than personal or family funds. Students in J-1 status would qualify for 5 months of <u>Academic Training (AT)</u>. This is enough time to get additional training in the U.S. before returning home. You can find more information about J-1 versus F-1 visas <u>here</u>.

If you are accepted to a multi-year program:

- Since you will only be able to attend in-person classes for one semester, you may or may not be eligible for work authorization for internships in the U.S. during the summer of 2021, depending on your program requirements:
  - MPA/ID students will be eligible to use curricular practical training (CPT) for summer 2021 internships in the U.S., as the internship is a requirement of the program.
  - MPP and MPA students will not be eligible to use curricular practical training (CPT) or optional practical training (OPT) for internships in the U.S. during the summer of 2021. If the guidance on this issue changes, we will let you know as soon as possible. You may want to consider a J-1 student visa if you have

significant funding from a source other than personal or family funds. You can find more information about J-1 versus F-1 visas <u>here</u>.

If you have any questions, please reach out to the HIO Advisor assigned to HKS, Briana Gerrish (briana gerrish@harvard.edu).

We hope to welcome you to the Harvard campus in 2021 to continue your program at HKS. We hope you and your loved ones are well and staying safe.

Best, Harvard International Office 1350 Massachusetts Ave. Suite 864 Cambridge, MA 02138

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# **EXHIBIT 2**

From: Harvard International Office <<u>internationaloffice@harvard.edu</u>>
Sent: Thursday, June 4, 2020 7:24 PM
To: Rossi, Kathryn F <<u>kathryn\_rossi@harvard.edu</u>>
Subject: Information for Continuing International Students Regarding Remote Learning

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# PLEASE DO NOT RESPOND TO THIS AUTOMATED EMAIL.

Dear Students,

We hope you and your loved ones are well and staying safe. We know this is a difficult and confusing time and we at the Harvard International Office (HIO) assume you will have many questions regarding many schools' announcements on June 3, 2020 to offer online teaching for the fall semester or for the 2020-2021 academic year. There are some key points we would like to make about the impact of this decision on international students.

1. Current federal government guidance allows continuing international students and students in F-1 or J-1 status transferring from another U.S. institution to continue their studies remotely and remain in valid visa status.

Prior to this emergency situation, international students were only permitted to take one on-line class per semester. It was a huge exception for the government to allow international students to study fully remotely either from within the U.S. or from outside the U.S. and still maintain their visa status during the spring semester 2020. This current exception will still apply to continuing students in summer and fall 2020. If we receive additional government guidance in the coming months, we will forward it to you.

2. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, U.S. embassies and consulates around the world remain closed to all but emergency services, and the

# suspension of processing routine visas, including F-1 and J-1 student visas, remains in effect.

It is our understanding that this suspension is likely to last into the summer (and perhaps beyond), and that the vast majority of international students who need a visa stamp will experience considerable difficulty and delay in scheduling visa interviews. If you are outside the U.S. and need to renew your visa, you should attempt to schedule an appointment at your consulate as soon as possible even if you will not be returning to the U.S. in the fall. If you are able to make an appointment, please share that <u>information with us</u>. If you are still in the U.S., you may want to consider not travelling overseas this summer if at all possible.

In addition, there remains in place a complex set of travel restrictions and bans in the U.S. and around the world, and airlines are offering far fewer flights than normal. If you are outside the U.S., you should plan to stay outside the U.S. and learn remotely in that country. If you remained in the U.S., as stated earlier, current government guidance allows continuing international students to study fully remotely from within the U.S. for the duration of the emergency.

## 3. COVID-19 Exception 5-Month Rule

At the present time, we assume that the exception made to the 5-month rule for students remaining out of the U.S. will continue to apply to travel through at least the fall 2020 semester. It is our expectation that if global travel continues to be limited due to COVID-19, this exception should continue.

# 4. Leaves of Absence

If you are contemplating a leave of absence for the fall semester, please follow the Leave of Absence Policy your school currently has in place. If approved you should then contact your <u>HIO Advisor</u>.

Please know the HIO is working hard to provide you with as much information as possible. We are working on a webpage designed to answer the most

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frequently asked questions regarding remote learning that we receive from our international students. We will be hosting webinars for students so that they can hear each other's questions and have more interactive, direct, and hopefully reassuring contact with our office regarding these matters. If you have any questions, as always you may reach out to the <u>HIO Advisor</u> assigned to your school.

Best, Harvard International Office 1350 Massachusetts Ave. Suite 864 Cambridge, MA 02138

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